according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



#### **OKS 521**

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### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : OKS 521

Chemical nature : Active substance with propellant

Solvent

Molybdenum disulfide

graphite

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : OKS Spezialschmierstoffe GmbH

Ganghoferstr. 47

D-82216 Maisach-Gernlinden Tel.: +49 8142 3051 500 Fax.: +49 8142 3051 599 info@oks-germany.com

E-mail address of person : mcm@oks-germany.com

responsible for the SDS Material Compliance Management

National contact :

Emergency telephone number : +86 532 8388 9090 (NRCC, only for hazardous chemicals)

+86 21 69225521

# Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Lubricant spray

Restrictions on use : Restricted to professional users.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **Emergency Overview**

Appearance : aerosol Colour : black

Odour : characteristic

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **GHS Classification**

Aerosols : Category 1

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Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Category 3 (Narcotic effects)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing mist.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50  $^{\circ}$ C/ 122  $^{\circ}$ F.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/containers according the local government requirements.

### Physical and chemical hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

#### **Health hazards**

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Environmental hazards**

Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	>= 20 -< 25
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	>= 10 -< 20
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	>= 10 -< 20
Butane	106-97-8	>= 10 -< 20



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	>= 10 -< 20
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt, homopolymer	9022-96-2	>= 1 -< 10
propane	74-98-6	>= 1 -< 10
Isobutane	75-28-5	>= 1 -< 10
Natural graphite	7782-42-5	>= 1 -< 10
n-hexane	110-54-3	>= 1 -< 2.5

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get

medical attention.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

Keep respiratory tract clear.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respira-

tion.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and

persists.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Wash off immediately with plenty of water.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 10 minutes. Seek medical advice.

If swallowed : Move the victim to fresh air.

If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention.

Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause

damage.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Central nervous system depression

Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.

Health injuries may be delayed.

Causes skin irritation.

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

Unconsciousness

Dizziness Drowsiness Headache Nausea Tiredness



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Erythema

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : ABC powder

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Fire Hazard

Do not let product enter drains.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides
Sulphur oxides

Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Prevention of secondary

hazards

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Advice on safe handling Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after

handling the product.

Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not ingest.

Do not use sparking tools.

These safety instructions also apply to empty packaging which

may still contain product residues.

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn,

even after use.

Avoidance of contact Oxidizing agents

#### Storage

Conditions for safe storage

BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force

or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or red-hot objects.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	PC-TWA	200 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		PC-STEL	300 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH (2017-03-01)
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH (2017-03-01)
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	PC-TWA	6 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	ACGIH (2019-03-05)
		TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	3 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	ACGIH (2019-03-05)
Butane	106-97-8	STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH (2018-03-20)
Isobutane	75-28-5	STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH (2018-03-20)
Natural graphite	7782-42-5	PC-TWA (Total dust)	4 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		PC-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH (2007-01-01)
n-hexane	110-54-3	PC-TWA	100 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
	Further information: Skin			,
_		PC-STEL	180 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
	Further inforr			
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH (2007-01-01)



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#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
n-hexane	110-54-3	2,5- hexanedi- one	Urine	After shift	4 mg/l	CN BEI (2019-08- 27)
		2,5- hexanedi- one	Urine	After shift	35 micromol per litre	CN BEI (2019-08- 27)
		2,5- Hexanedi- one	Urine	End of shift	0.5 mg/l	ACGIH BEI (2020-02- 01)

**Engineering measures** : Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust

ventilation.

Handle only in a place equipped with local exhaust (or other

appropriate exhaust).

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Short term only

Filter type : Filter type A-P

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Hand protection

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : > 10 min
Protective index : Class 1

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The break through time depends

amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each

case.

Protective measures : The type of protective equipment must be selected according

to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance

at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures : Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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handling.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : aerosol

Colour : black

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Melting point/range : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : -161.0 °C

(1,013 hPa)

Flash point : -60 °C

Method: Abel-Pensky

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Self-ignition : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

18.6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

: 1.1 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 4,600 hPa (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 0.79 (20 °C)

Reference substance: Water

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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The value is calculated

Density : 0.79 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic :  $< 20.5 \text{ mm2/s} (40 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Sublimation point : No data available

Metal corrosion rate : Not corrosive to metals

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Strong sunlight for prolonged periods.

Risk of receptacle bursting.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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products

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Effects due to ingestion may include:

Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Respiration of solvent vapour may cause dizziness.

Symptoms: Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:, Respiratory disorder, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Fa-

tigue, Vertigo, Central nervous system depression

Acute dermal toxicity : Symptoms: Redness, Local irritation

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 10,768 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 21 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 17,600 mg/kg

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: yes



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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

molybdenum disulphide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 16,000 mg/kg

**Butane:** 

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Dimethyl ether:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 309 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

Isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Natural graphite:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 259.35 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,350 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks : Irritating to skin.

# Components:

n-Butyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Irritating to skin.

GLP : yes

# molybdenum disulphide:

Assessment : No skin irritation Result : No skin irritation



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Dimethyl ether:

Assessment : No skin irritation Result : No skin irritation

n-hexane:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Irritating to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Result : Eye irritation

Remarks : Irritating to eyes.

# **Components:**

n-Butyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP : yes

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP : yes

molybdenum disulphide:

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

# Dimethyl ether:



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

### 1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt, homopolymer:

Result : Eye irritation

n-hexane:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:** 

Remarks : This information is not available.

# **Components:**

n-Butyl acetate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Exposure routes : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP : yes

#### molybdenum disulphide:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation. Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Dimethyl ether:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

n-hexane:

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Product:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: No data available

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster cells Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects., Animal testing did not show any mutagenic

effects.

molybdenum disulphide:



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Dimethyl ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly)

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** 

Remarks : No data available

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

molybdenum disulphide:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Dimethyl ether:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 2 Years

: 47 mg/l

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** 

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No data available



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEC: 750 mg/l
General Toxicity F1: NOAEC: 750 mg/l
General Toxicity F2: NOAEC: 750 mg/l
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the off-

spring were detected.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: - Fertility -

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments.

- Teratogenicity -

No toxicity to reproduction

Dimethyl ether:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: - Fertility -

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

n-hexane:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: - Fertility -

Suspected human reproductive toxicant

STOT - single exposure

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

molybdenum disulphide:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

n-hexane:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

STOT - repeated exposure

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

molybdenum disulphide:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

n-hexane:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Product:** 

Remarks : This information is not available.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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### **Components:**

#### n-Butyl acetate:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 125 mg/kg Application Route : Oral

### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Product:**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Components:**

### n-Butyl acetate:

No aspiration toxicity classification

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# Dimethyl ether:

No aspiration toxicity classification

### n-hexane:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Further information**

### **Product:**

Remarks : Ingestion causes irritation of upper respiratory system and

gastrointestinal disturbance.

### **Components:**

#### molybdenum disulphide:

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Remarks : Information given is based on data on the components and

the toxicology of similar products.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Product:** 

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 44 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 397 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 23 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test Type: Reproduction Test

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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GLP: yes

EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 356 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 40 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 10 mg/l

> Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

molybdenum disulphide:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

Exposure time: 72 h

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Dimethyl ether:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): > 4,100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4,400 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (green algae): 154.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

n-hexane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 12.51 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 21.85 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9.285

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

# Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Physico-chemical removabil- :

ity

Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Primary biodegradation

Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 83 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 90.35 % Exposure time: 28 d

Dimethyl ether:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

n-hexane:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 21 % Exposure time: 28 d

GLP: yes

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

**Product:** 

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: This mixture contains no substance considered to

be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very

persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

### **Components:**

n-Butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.3 (25 °C)

octanol/water pH: 7

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

GLP: yes



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3.4 - 5.2

**Butane:** 

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.89

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Dimethyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.07 (25 °C)

propane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.36

Isobutane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.88

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Natural graphite:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Remarks: No data available

n-hexane:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 501.19

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water pl

pH: 7

log Pow: 4 (20 °C)

Mobility in soil

**Product:** 

Mobility : Remarks: No data available

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No data available

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Additional ecological infor-

mation

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Components:** 

n-Butyl acetate:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Non-classified PBT substance Non-classified vPvB substance

Dimethyl ether:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Non-classified vPvB substance Non-classified PBT substance

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as

the unused product.

Offer empty spray cans to an established disposal company. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations** 

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1950

Proper shipping name : Aerosols, flammable

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

203

Labels : Flammable Gas

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

a brand of FREUDENBERG

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Packing instruction (passen: 203

ger aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1 EmS Code : F-D, S-U Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **National Regulations**

GB 6944/12268

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1

# Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **National regulatory information**

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

# **Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management under : Not applicable

SAWS

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import : Not applicable

and Export

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Listed

Product name	Status	Reference number
OKS 521	Listed	2828



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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List of ingredients	CAS-No.	Status	Reference number
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Listed	2657
Butane	106-97-8	Listed	2778
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Listed	479
propane	74-98-6	Listed	139
Isobutane	75-28-5	Listed	2707
n-hexane	110-54-3	Listed	2789
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	Listed	2761

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)

No. / Code Chemical name / Category Threshold quantity

W3 Aerosols 150 t

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
CN BEI : China. Biological Occupational Exposure Indices

CN OEL : Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the

workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

CN OEL / PC-TWA : Permissible concentration - time weighted average CN OEL / PC-STEL : Permissible concentration - short term exposure limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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