OKS 241

Version	Revision Date:	Date of last issue: 11.11.2024	Print Date:
4.0	22.06.2026	Date of first issue: 21.06.2016	22.06.2026

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : OKS 241

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Lubricant spray

Recommended restrictions on use : Restricted to professional users.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : OKS Spezialschmierstoffe GmbH
Ganghoferstr. 47
82216 Maisach
Germany
Tel.: +49 8142 3051-500
info@oks-germany.com

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : mcm@oks-germany.com

National contact : Klüber Lubrication Polska Sp. z o.o.
ul. Pilotów 19, Janikowo
62-006 Kobylnica
Polska
Tel: +48 61 6563 960
Fax: +48 61 8 793 805
office@pl.klueber.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : +49 8142 3051 517
Warszawa: +48 22 619 66 54

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Aerosols, Category 1	H222: Extremely flammable aerosol. H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous system	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Central nervous system	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe mist.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

n-butyl acetate

n-hexane

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Active substance with propellant
Solvent mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	specific concentration limit M-Factor Notes Acute toxicity estimate	Concentration (% w/w)
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	921-024-6	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous		>= 25 - < 30

	01-2119475514-35-XXXX	system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411		
copper	7440-50-8 231-159-6 01-2119480154-42-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	M-Factor: 10/1	>= 2,5 - < 10
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 607-025-00-1 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066		>= 1 - < 10
n-hexane	110-54-3 203-777-6 601-037-00-0 01-2119480412-44-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Repr. 2; H361f STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT RE 1; H372 (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	**, ***	>= 1 - < 2,5
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :				
dimethyl ether	115-10-6 204-065-8 603-019-00-8 01-2119472128-37-XXXX	Flam. Gas 1A; H220 Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280	Note U (Table 3)	>= 30 - < 50
tin	7440-31-5 231-141-8	Not classified		>= 1 - < 10
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5 215-263-9	Not classified		>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If inhaled : Take victim immediately to hospital.
Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and persists.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
Wash off immediately with plenty of water.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 10 minutes.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : Move the victim to fresh air.
If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
Rinse mouth with water.
Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:
Unconsciousness
Dizziness
Drowsiness
Headache
Nausea
Tiredness
Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:
Erythema

Risks : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Central nervous system depression
Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.
Health injuries may be delayed.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : ABC powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting : Fire Hazard
Do not let product enter drains.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sulphur oxides
Oxides of phosphorus
Metal oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Ensure adequate ventilation.

Remove all sources of ignition.
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
Non-sparking tools should be used.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not ingest.
Do not use sparking tools.
These safety instructions also apply to empty packaging which may still contain product residues.
Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Hygiene measures : Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or red-hot objects. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Specific instructions for handling, not required.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
dimethyl ether	115-10-6	TWA	1.000 ppm 1.920 mg/m3	2000/39/EC (1991-07-05)
	Further information: Indicative			
		NDS	1.000 mg/m3	PL OEL (2021-02-19)
copper	7440-50-8	NDS	0,2 mg/m3 (Copper)	PL OEL (2021-02-19)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL	150 ppm 723 mg/m3	2019/1831/EU (2022-01-24)
	Further information: Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm 241 mg/m3	2019/1831/EU (2022-01-24)
	Further information: Indicative			
		NDS	240 mg/m3	PL OEL (2021-02-19)
		NDSch	720 mg/m3	PL OEL (2021-02-19)
tin	7440-31-5	NDS (inhalable fraction)	2 mg/m3 (Tin)	PL OEL (2021-02-19)
		TWA	2 mg/m3 (Tin)	91/322/EEC (1991-07-05)
	Further information: Indicative			
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	NDS	4 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	PL OEL (2021-02-19)

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		NDSch	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	PL OEL (2021-02-19)
n-hexane	110-54-3	TWA	20 ppm 72 mg/m3	2006/15/EC (2006-02-09)
	Further information: Indicative			
		NDS	72 mg/m3	PL OEL (2021-02-19)
	Further information: Skin			

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
dimethyl ether	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term exposure	1894 mg/m3
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	773 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2035 mg/m3
Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., distn. residues	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2,2 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	3,15 mg/kg bw/day
n-butyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	600 mg/m3
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term local effects	11 mg/cm2
n-hexane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	75 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
dimethyl ether	Fresh water	0,155 mg/l
	Marine water	0,016 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	160 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,681 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,069 mg/kg
	Soil	0,045 mg/kg
Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., distn. residues	Fresh water	0,001 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0,001 mg/l
	Marine water	0 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treatment Systems	2 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	16,5 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	1,65 mg/kg

	Soil	3,7 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0,18 mg/l
	Marine water	0,018 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treatment Systems	35,6 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,981 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,0981 mg/kg
	Soil	0,09 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation.
Handle only in a place equipped with local exhaust (or other appropriate exhaust).

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection
- Material : butyl-rubber
- Break through time : > 10 min
- Protective index : Class 1

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case.
The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.
Short term only

Filter type : Filter type A-P

Protective measures : The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Environmental exposure controls

Air : Should not be released into the environment.
Soil : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

		courses or the soil.
Water	:	Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	aerosol
Colour	:	red brown
Odour	:	solvent-like
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
Melting point/ range	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	< -20 °C (1.013 hPa)
Flammability	:	Flammability (solid, gas): Extremely flammable aerosol.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	26,2 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	0,6 %(V)
Flash point	:	-20 °C Method: Abel-Pensky
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
pH	:	Not applicable substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : < 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

Vapour pressure : 4.600 hPa (20 °C)

Relative density : 0,818 (20 °C)
Reference substance: Water
The value is calculated

Density : 0,82 g/cm3
(20 °C)

Bulk density : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Self-ignition : No data available

Metal corrosion rate : Not corrosive to metals

Evaporation rate : No data available

Sublimation point : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Strong sunlight for prolonged periods.
Risk of receptacle bursting.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Effects due to ingestion may include:

Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Symptoms: Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:, Respiratory disorder, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Fatigue, Vertigo, Central nervous system depression

Remarks: Respiration of solvent vapour may cause dizziness.

Acute dermal toxicity : Symptoms: Redness, Local irritation

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.840 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25,2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,8 g/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

copper:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 300 - 2.000 mg/kg
Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single ingestion.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

n-butyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 10.768 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 21 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 17.600 mg/kg

n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 259,35 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3.350 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

dimethyl ether:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 309 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

tin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

molybdenum disulphide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.820 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
GLP: yes
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	Irritating to skin.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	Irritating to skin.

n-butyl acetate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No skin irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

n-hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	Irritating to skin.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	Irritating to skin.

dimethyl ether:

Assessment	:	No skin irritation
Result	:	No skin irritation

tin:

Assessment	:	No skin irritation
Result	:	No skin irritation

molybdenum disulphide:

Species	:	Rabbit
Exposure time	:	4 h
Assessment	:	No skin irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation
GLP	:	yes

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Result	:	No eye irritation

copper:

Result	:	Eye irritation

n-butyl acetate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
GLP	:	yes

n-hexane:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation

dimethyl ether:

Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Result	:	No eye irritation

tin:

Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Result	:	No eye irritation

molybdenum disulphide:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
GLP	:	yes

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	:	Dermal
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

n-butyl acetate:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Exposure routes	:	Dermal
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

n-hexane:

Species	:	Mouse
Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

dimethyl ether:

Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

molybdenum disulphide:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
GLP	:	yes

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: No data available

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Rodent cell line
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

n-butyl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Chinese hamster cells
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects., Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

n-hexane:

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

dimethyl ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly)
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 477
Result: negative

molybdenum disulphide:

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

n-hexane:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

dimethyl ether:

Species	:	Rat
Application Route	:	inhalation (gas)
Exposure time	:	2 Years
	:	47 mg/l
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 453
Result	:	negative

molybdenum disulphide:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Effects on fertility	:	Remarks: No data available
Effects on foetal development	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Two-generation study Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapour) General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEC: 750 mg/l General Toxicity F1: NOAEC: 750 mg/l General Toxicity F2: NOAEC: 750 mg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, or on development, based on animal experiments.
- Teratogenicity -

No toxicity to reproduction

n-hexane:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

Suspected human reproductive toxicant

dimethyl ether:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

n-butyl acetate:

Exposure routes : Inhalation
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

n-hexane:

Exposure routes : Inhalation
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

molybdenum disulphide:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Exposure routes : inhalation (vapour)
Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 1 mg/l/6h/d or less.

n-butyl acetate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

n-hexane:

Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

molybdenum disulphide:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 125 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

n-butyl acetate:
No aspiration toxicity classification

n-hexane:
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

dimethyl ether:
No aspiration toxicity classification

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Assessment	:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks	:	Ingestion causes irritation of upper respiratory system and gastrointestinal disturbance.

Components:

molybdenum disulphide:

Remarks	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish	:	Remarks: Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	Remarks: No data available
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	Remarks: No data available
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 22 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 GLP: yes
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 GLP: yes
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EbC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 26 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic life.
Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

copper:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	10
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

n-butyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 18 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test

		Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 44 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 397 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 356 mg/l Exposure time: 40 h Test Type: Growth inhibition
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 23 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Test Type: Reproduction Test GLP: yes

n-hexane:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 12,51 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 21,85 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9,285 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

dimethyl ether:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): > 4.100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4.400 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (green algae): 154,9 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

tin:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0,0124 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0,0192 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

molybdenum disulphide:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability	:	Remarks: No data available
Physico-chemical removability	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable.

copper:

Biodegradability	:	Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

n-butyl acetate:

Biodegradability	:	Test Type: Primary biodegradation Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 83 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

n-hexane:

Biodegradability	:	Test Type: aerobic Inoculum: activated sludge Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 98 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
GLP: yes
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

dimethyl ether:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic
Inoculum: activated sludge
Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

molybdenum disulphide:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not applicable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2,3 (25 °C)
pH: 7
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117
GLP: yes

n-hexane:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 501,19

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3,42 - 5,8 (20 °C)
pH: 7

dimethyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,07 (25 °C)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : Remarks: No data available

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Components:

n-butyl acetate:

Assessment : Non-classified PBT substance. Non-classified vPvB substance

dimethyl ether:

Assessment : Non-classified vPvB substance. Non-classified PBT substance

tin:

Assessment : Remarks: Not applicable

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.
Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

Contaminated packaging : Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Offer empty spray cans to an established disposal company.
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

The following Waste Codes are only suggestions:

Waste Code : unused product, packagings not completely emptied
16 05 04*, gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN	:	UN 1950
ADR	:	UN 1950
RID	:	UN 1950
IMDG	:	UN 1950
IATA	:	UN 1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN	:	AEROSOLS
ADR	:	AEROSOLS
RID	:	AEROSOLS
IMDG	:	AEROSOLS (naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, copper)
IATA	:	Aerosols, flammable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

		Class	Subsidiary risks
ADN	:	2	2.1
ADR	:	2	2.1
RID	:	2	2.1
IMDG	:	2.1	
IATA	:	2.1	

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Classification Code	:	5F
Labels	:	2.1

ADR

Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Classification Code	:	5F
Labels	:	2.1
Tunnel restriction code	:	(D)

RID

Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Classification Code	:	5F
Hazard Identification Number	:	23
Labels	:	2.1

IMDG

Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	2.1
EmS Code	:	F-D, S-U

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	203
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y203
Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	Flammable Gas

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	203
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y203
Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	Flammable Gas

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant	:	yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks	:	Not applicable for product as supplied.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)	:	Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 40 This substance/mixture shall not be used in aerosol dispensers intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes. Number on list 75 If you intend to use this product as tattoo ink, please contact your vendor.
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). (EU SVHC)	:	n-hexane
Regulation (EU) No 2024/590 on substances that deplete the ozone layer (EC 2024/590)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast) (EU POP)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals (EU PIC)	:	Not applicable
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) (EU. REACH-Annex XIV)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors		Not applicable

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	P5c	
Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.	P3a	FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS
	E1	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial and livestock rearing emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control)
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 70,39 %

Other regulations:

Act of February 25, 2011 on chemical substances and their mixtures (i.e. Journal of Laws of 2020, item 2289)
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Official Journal of the European Union L 353 from 31.12.2008) with further adaptation to technical progress (ATP).
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (Official Journal of the European Union L 396 from 30.12.2006, as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
Ordinance of the Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy of 12 June 2018 concerning the highest allowable concentrations and levels of the agents harmful for health in the workplace (Dz.U 2018 pos 1286, with later amendments).
Ordinance of the Minister of Health of 2nd February 2011 concerning tests and measurement of agents harmful for health in the workplace (Dz. U. Nr. 33, item 166 with later amendments).
Ordinance of the Minister of Health of 30th December 2004 on the health and safety of workers related to chemical agents at work (consolidated text, Journal of Laws 2016 no. 0 item 1488)
Act of 14 December 2012. on Waste (Journal of Laws of 2013. pos. 21, as amended).
Act of 13 June 2013. On packaging and packaging waste (Journal. U. of 2013. Item. 888, as amended).
Ordinance of the Minister of Climate of 2nd January 2020 on Waste Catalog (Dz. U. 2020 item

10).
Ordinance of the Minister of Environment on the requirements for carrying out the process of thermal treatment of waste and how to deal with waste produced in the process. (Dz. U. of 2016., Pos. 108)
Act of 19 August 2011 on transport of dangerous goods (Dz. U. Nr. 227, item 1367, as amended).
Government Statement of February 15, 2021 on the entry into force of amendments to Annexes A and B to Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR), drawn up in Geneva on September 30, 1957 (Journal of Laws 202 poz.874 as amended)
Act of July 29, 2005 on drug addiction prevention (Journal of Laws of 2005, No. 179, item 1485, with later amendments)
Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This information is not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H220	:	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	:	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302	:	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	:	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of other abbreviations

**	:	Route of exposure cannot be excluded: For certain hazard classes, e.g. STOT, the route of exposure should be indicated in the hazard statement only if it is conclusively proven that no other route of exposure can cause the hazard in accordance to the criteria in Annex I. Under Directive 67/548/EEC the route of exposure was indicated for classifications with R48 when there was data justifying the classification for this route

		of exposure. The classification under 67/548/EEC indicating the route of exposure has been translated into the corresponding class and category according to this Regulation, but with a general hazard statement not specifying the route of exposure as the necessary information is not available.
***	:	Hazard statements for reproductive toxicity: Hazard statements H360 and H361 indicate a general concern for effects on fertility and/or development: 'May damage/Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child'. According to the criteria, the general hazard statement can be replaced by the hazard statement indicating the specific effect of concern in accordance with Section 1.1.2.1.2. When the other differentiation is not mentioned, this is due to evidence proving no such effect, inconclusive data or no data and the obligations in Article 4(3) shall apply for that differentiation. In order not to lose information from the harmonised classifications for fertility and developmental effects under Directive 67/548/EEC, the classifications have been translated only for those effects classified under that Directive
Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	:	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	:	Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation
Flam. Gas	:	Flammable gases
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids
Note U (Table 3)	:	When put on the market gases have to be classified as “Gases under pressure”, in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case. The following codes are assigned: Press. Gas (Comp.) Press. Gas (Liq.) Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.) Press. Gas (Diss.) Aerosols shall not be classified as gases under pressure (See Annex I, Part 2, Section 2.3.2.1, Note 2).
Press. Gas	:	Gases under pressure
Repr.	:	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
2000/39/EC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
2006/15/EC	:	Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values
2019/1831/EU	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
91/322/EEC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 91/322/EEC on establishing indicative limit values
PL OEL	:	Ordinance of the Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy of 12 June 2018 concerning the highest allowable concentrations and levels of the agents harmful for health in the workplace (Dz.U 2018 pos 1286, with later amendments)

2000/39/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2006/15/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2019/1831/EU / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2019/1831/EU / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
91/322/EEC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
PL OEL / NDS	:	Maximal Admissible Concentration
PL OEL / NDSch	:	Maximal Admissible Temporary Concentration

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonised System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organisation; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:		**Classification procedure:**
Aerosol 1	H222, H229	Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Calculation method

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Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Calculation method

|| Relevant changes compared to the last edition are highlighted at the left margin. This version replaces all previous editions.

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