according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



## **OKS 641**

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# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : OKS 641

Chemical nature : Active substance with propellant

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : OKS Spezialschmierstoffe GmbH

Ganghoferstr. 47

D-82216 Maisach-Gernlinden Tel.: +49 8142 3051 500 Fax.: +49 8142 3051 599 info@oks-germany.com

E-mail address of person : mcm@oks-germany.com

responsible for the SDS Material Compliance Management

National contact :

Emergency telephone number : +86 532 8388 9090 (NRCC, only for hazardous chemicals)

+86 21 69225521

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Lubricant spray

Restrictions on use : Restricted to professional users.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# **Emergency Overview**

Appearance : aerosol
Colour : brown

Odour : hydrocarbon-like

Flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways. Causes mild skin irritation.

**GHS Classification** 

Aerosols : Category 2

Skin irritation : Category 3

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H223 Flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.

No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/

attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to

temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/containers according the local

government requirements.

Physical and chemical hazards

Flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

**Health hazards** 

Causes mild skin irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Environmental hazards** 

Not classified based on available information.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	>= 50 -< 70
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-54-7	>= 1 -< 10
paraffinic		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy	64742-65-0	>= 1 -< 10
paraffinic		
Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts	61789-86-4	>= 1 -< 10

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get

medical attention.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

Keep respiratory tract clear.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration.

In case of skin contact Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and

persists.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

In case of eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 10 minutes. Seek medical advice.

If swallowed Move the victim to fresh air.

> Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention. Rinse mouth with water.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause

damage.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Can be absorbed through skin.

Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.

Health injuries may be delayed.

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

Unconsciousness

Dizziness **Drowsiness** Headache



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Nausea Tiredness

Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Erythema

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : ABC powder

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Fire Hazard

Do not let product enter drains.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Hazardous combustion

products

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Sulphur oxides

Specific extinguishing

methods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Remove all sources of ignition.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions : Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water

courses.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Prevention of secondary

hazards

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after

handling the product.

Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not ingest.

Do not use sparking tools.

These safety instructions also apply to empty packaging which

may still contain product residues.

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or

burn, even after use.

Avoidance of contact : Oxidizing agents

**Storage** 

Conditions for safe storage : BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun

exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or

red-hot objects.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH (2013-03-01)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH (2013-03-01)

**Engineering measures** : Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust

ventilation.

Handle only in a place equipped with local exhaust (or other

appropriate exhaust).

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Short term only

Filter type : Filter type A-P

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the

concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to

the specific work-place.

Hand protection

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : > 10 min
Protective index : Class 1

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The break through time depends

amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each

case.

Protective measures : The type of protective equipment must be selected according

to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance

at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures : Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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handling.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance aerosol

Colour brown

Odour hydrocarbon-like

Odour Threshold No data available

рΗ Not applicable

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Melting point/range No data available

150 °C Boiling point/boiling range

(1,013 hPa)

Flash point 62 °C

Method: Pensky-Martens

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammable aerosol. Flammability (solid, gas)

Self-ignition No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower : 0.6 %(V)

flammability limit

Vapour pressure 4,500 hPa (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density 0.83 (20 °C)

> Reference substance: Water The value is calculated

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Density : 0.83 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : < 20.5 mm2/s ( 40 °C)

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Heat of combustion : < 20 kJ/g

Sublimation point : No data available

Metal corrosion rate : Not corrosive to metals

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Strong sunlight for prolonged periods.

Risk of receptacle bursting.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Acute toxicity**

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: This information is not available.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Symptoms: Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:,

Respiratory disorder

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Prolonged or repeated skin contact with liquid may

cause defatting resulting in drying, redness and possible

blistering.

Symptoms: Skin disorders

## **Components:**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute

inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

## **Components:**

## Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

GLP : yes

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

GLP : yes

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks : Contact with eyes may cause irritation.



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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## **Components:**

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

## Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP : yes

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP : yes

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:** 

Remarks : This information is not available.

# **Components:**

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

## Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP : yes



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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# Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP : yes

# Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts:

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

**Product:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: No data available

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

# **Components:**

## Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Germ cell mutagenicity - : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show

Assessment mutagenic effects.

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

**Product:** 

Remarks : No data available



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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## **Components:**

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Carcinogenicity - : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Assessment

# Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Carcinogenicity - : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Assessment

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Species : Mouse Application Route : Dermal

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** 

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No data available

Effects on foetal : Remarks: No data available

development

## **Components:**

## Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Reproductive toxicity - : - Fertility -

Assessment No toxicity to reproduction

- Teratogenicity -

No toxicity to reproduction

# Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Reproductive toxicity - : - Fertility -

Assessment No toxicity to reproduction

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Effects on foetal : Species: Rat

development Application Route: Dermal

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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#### STOT - single exposure

## **Components:**

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

## STOT - repeated exposure

## **Components:**

## Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

## Repeated dose toxicity

### **Product:**

Remarks : This information is not available.

# **Aspiration toxicity**

## **Product:**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## **Components:**

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

No aspiration toxicity classification

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

No aspiration toxicity classification



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#### **Further information**

**Product:** 

Remarks Information given is based on data on the components and

the toxicology of similar products.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Product:** 

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

Remarks: No data available

Remarks: No data available Toxicity to microorganisms

**Components:** 

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish

> Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: Immobilization

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: ves

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

#### Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Physico-chemical

removability

Remarks: No data available



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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## **Components:**

# Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Result: Not rapidly biodegradable

Biodegradation: 3 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

GLP: yes

# Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Result: Not rapidly biodegradable

Biodegradation: 31 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

GLP: yes

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

#### **Product:**

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: This mixture contains no substance considered to

be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very

persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### **Components:**

# Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: > 2

octanol/water

# Mobility in soil

#### **Product:**

Mobility : Remarks: No data available

Distribution among : Remarks: No data available

environmental compartments

#### Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Additional ecological

information

No information on ecology is available.

#### Components:

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: Non-classified PBT substance Non-classified vPvB substance

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: Non-classified vPvB substance Non-classified PBT substance

### Global warming potential

# The Fifth Assessment Report of the United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)

## **Components:**

#### Carbon dioxide:

20-year global warming potential: 1 100-year global warming potential: 1

Further information: No single lifetime can be given. The impulse response function for CO2 from Joos et al. (2013) has been used. See also Supplementary Material Section 8.SM.11.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as

the unused product.

Offer empty spray cans to an established disposal company. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### International Regulations

#### **UNRTDG**

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1950

Proper shipping name : Aerosols, flammable

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

203

Labels : Flammable Gas

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction : 203

(passenger aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1 EmS Code : F-D, S-U Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **National Regulations**

GB 6944/12268

UN number : UN 1950 Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1

## Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **National regulatory information**

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

## **Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Not applicable

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management under : Not applicable

**SAWS** 

Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals : Not applicable

Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import : Not applicable

and Export

International Regulations

Montreal Protocol : Not applicable

Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent) : Not applicable

Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants) : Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



#### **OKS 641**

Version Revision Date: Date of last issue: 2021-07-20

4.1 2022-12-21 Date of first issue: 2014-04-16 Print Date: 2022-12-21

International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations: UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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